

Evaluation of the CarbaR+ Novodiag® system for the detection of carbapenemase-producing bacteria

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Introduction

Carbapenemase-producing Gram-negatives represent a global concern for public health. The rapid implementation of infection control measures at the hospital requires easy, efficient and reliable detection tools of carbapenemase production.

Recently, Novodiag® CarbaR+ (Mobidiag Ltd, Espoo, Finland), a simple "sample in-answer out" qualitative multiplexed nucleic acid-based *in vitro* diagnostic test, was launched on the market for the simultaneous detection of 9 major carbapenemases and MCR-1 producing strains. This assay was evaluated on collection isolates and clinical fecal swabs.

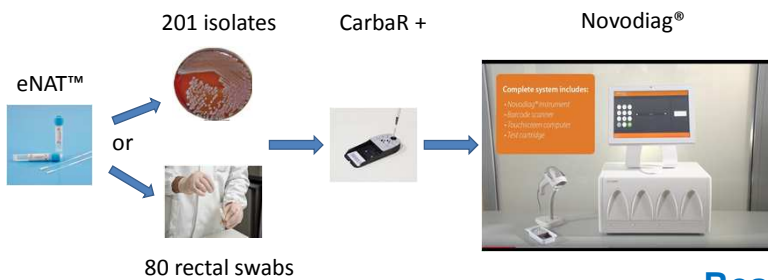
Material and methods

The NOVODIAG® CarbaR+ is a fully automated random access, multiplex nucleic acid based diagnostic test for the detection carbapenemases genes of on bacterial culture or fecal swabs in eNAT™ tubes (Copan Italia). The principle of the test is based on real-time PCR and microarray hybridization with detection by contact fluorescence imaging and evanescent excitation all performed within a single cartridge.

The test targets 9 carbapenemase encoding genes including *bla*_{KPC}, *bla*_{NDM}, *bla*_{VIM}, *bla*_{IMP}, *bla*_{OXA-48-like}; the *Acinetobacter* OXA-carbapenemase genes including *bla*_{OXA-23-like}, *bla*_{OXA-24-like}, *bla*_{OXA-58-like}, the chromosomal *bla*_{OXA-51-like} with upstream promoter *ISAbal* and the major plasmid-mediated colistin resistance gene *mcr-1*.

Samples :

- 201 cultured colonies of non fermenters and enterobacterial collection isolates (61 *Pseudomonas*, 60 *Acinetobacter* and 80 *Enterobacteriales*) with characterized β-lactamase content
- and 80 clinical rectal swabs collected from hospitalized patients.
- Ss and Sp calculated on the number of targets after reconciliation of the discrepancies



Results

- Globally, 98.8 % Sensitivity (Ss) and 99.7 % of Specificity (Sp) for the detection of the carbapenemase and MCR-1 coding genes on the entire collection isolates
 - 100% Ss and Sp for *Pseudomonas* spp.
 - 96.7 % Ss and 99.4 % Sp for *Acinetobacter* sp.
 - 100 % Ss and 99.7 % Sp for *Enterobacteriales*
- 97,8 % Ss and 98,6 % Sp on clinical fecal swabs for the detection of the different targets
- 1 False positive (FP) and 1 False negative (FN) clinical swabs for the detection of the carbapenemase-producing status
 - 1 FN *E. coli* OXA-181 not detected
 - 1 FP NDM/OXA-48 detected for a culture negative swabs from a patient formerly known as OXA-48 carrier
- 2.3 % of invalid results

Species (n) ^a	β-lactam-, or colistin- resistance mechanism	Novodiag CarbaR+ discordant result
Non-carbapenemase and not targeted carbapenemase (53)		
<i>P. aeruginosa</i> (22), <i>A. baumannii</i> (9), <i>A. pittii</i> (3), <i>E. cloacae</i> (7), <i>C. freundii</i> (3), other (9)	Efflux, overexpressed AmpC, Porin deficiency, overexpressed K1, TEM, SHV, CTX-M, BEL, VEB, PER, GES, PME-1, OXA-1, 2, -10, -20, -163, -405, Carb, RTG-4, SCO-1; DIM, FIM, GIM, LMB, NmcA, Sme, SIM, SPM, TMB, FRI, OXA-143, OXA-198, OXA-372	1 FP OXA-163 and 1 FP OXA-405
Single targeted carbapenemase (117)		
<i>P. aeruginosa</i> (30), <i>A. baumannii</i> (23), <i>E. coli</i> (25), <i>K. pneumoniae</i> (11), <i>P. putida</i> (5), other (23)	KPC, VIM, IMP, NDM, OXA-48, ISAbal-1-OXA-51, OXA-23, OXA-24 /40, OXA-58	1 FP OXA-23 for <i>A. baumannii</i> OXA-72 + OXA-24; 1 FP OXA-24 for OXA-97 (OXA-58-like) and FN OXA-58
Multiple carbapenemase or colistin targeted resistance (26)		
<i>A. baumannii</i> (10), <i>E. coli</i> (5), <i>E. cloacae</i> (3), <i>K. pneumoniae</i> (3), other (5)	KPC + OXA-48, IMP + OXA-58, NDM + ISAbal-1-OXA-51 or OXA-48 or VIM or OXA-23 or KPC, VIM + OXA-48 or OXA-23; OXA-23 + ISAbal-51 or OXA-58; MCR-1 + NDM-1 or OXA-48	1 FN OXA-23 in <i>A. haemolyticus</i> OXA-23 + OXA-58; 1 FP OXA-58 for <i>A. baumannii</i> VIM-4 + OXA-23; 1 FN ISAbal-1 OXA-51 for <i>A. baumannii</i> OXA-23 + ISAbal-1 OXA-69
Colistin resistance (5)		
<i>E. coli</i> (4), <i>K. pneumoniae</i> (1)	MCR-1, MCR-2, -4, -5, PmrB mutation	

Table 1 Collection of clinical isolates (n=201) FP: false positive result; FN: false negative result

Patients swabs	
Species on CHROMID® CARBA SMART and PCR-Seq Resistance identification	
Discordant results CarbaR+	
KPC-like (5)	
<i>K. pneumoniae</i> (5)	1 FP NDM
Multiple R (8): OXA-23+VIM; VIM + OXA-48; NDM + OXA-181 or 48; OXA-23 + OXA-48 + ISAbal1-OXA-51	
<i>C. freundii</i> (1)	
<i>E. coli</i> (2)	
<i>P. aeruginosa</i> + <i>A. baumannii</i> (2)	
<i>P. aeruginosa</i> + <i>K. pneumoniae</i> (1)	1 FP NDM + FN VIM; OXA-48 OK
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>R. ornithinolytica</i> (1)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>A. baumannii</i> (1)	
NDM-like (12)	
<i>E. coli</i> (5)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>K. pneumoniae</i> (3)	
<i>E. cloacae</i> (2)	
<i>K. pneumoniae</i> (2)	
Neg (6)	
1 FP NDM + OXA-48	
OXA-23 (1)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>A. baumannii</i> (1)	
OXA-48-like (48)	
1 FN OXA-48	
<i>E. coli</i> (20)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>K. pneumoniae</i> (12)	
<i>K. pneumoniae</i> (8)	
<i>C. freundii</i> (2)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>R. ornithinolytica</i> (2)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>C. freundii</i> (1)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>K. oxytoca</i> (1)	
<i>E. coli</i> + <i>K. pneumoniae</i> + <i>E. cloacae</i> (1)	
<i>R. ornithinolytica</i> (1)	

Table 2 Clinical rectal swabs (n=80) FP: false positive; FN: false negative

Conclusions

- The Novodiag® CarbaR+ is an easy to use sample in-answer out technology
- The instrument is random access with results obtained in 80 minutes
- The test allows the detection of the most frequently encountered carbapenemases among *Enterobacteriales* AND non-fermenters including multiple variants but excluding GES carbapenemases.
- Performance directly on faecal swab are very good but deserves further evaluation on a large number of consecutive clinical samples